

Ref No: CIR / EXAM /2023 /0022

Date: 20/09/2023

To,  
Phase III Part-I MBBS Students,  
CDSIMER DSU

**Revised Circular- Second Internal Assessment for Phase III (Part I) MBBS Academic year 2022-23**

The timetable for the **Second Internal assessment (Theory & Practical)** for Phase III (Part I) MBBS Students is as given below.

THEORY		
DATE & DAY	TIME	SUBJECT
16-10-2023, Monday	09:30 AM to 12:30 PM	FORENSIC MEDICINE
17-10-2023, Tuesday	09:30 AM to 12:30 PM	OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY
18-10-2023, Wednesday	09:30 AM to 12:30 PM	OPHTHALMOLOGY
19-10-2023, Thursday	09:30 AM to 12:30 PM	GENERAL MEDICINE
20-10-2023, Friday	09:30 AM to 11:00 AM	GENERAL SURGERY
	11:15 AM to 12:45 PM	ORTHOPAEDICS
21-10-2023, Saturday	09:30 AM to 12:30 PM	OBG

PRACTICAL			
DATE	TIME	BATCH	SUBJECT
16-10-2023, Monday	01:30 PM to 04:30 PM	A	FORENSIC MEDICINE
17-10-2023, Tuesday	01:30 PM to 04:30 PM	B	
18-10-2023, Wednesday	01:30 PM to 04:30 PM	C	
19-10-2023, Thursday	01:30 PM to 04:30 PM	D	
20-10-2023, Friday	01:45 PM to 04:45 PM	E	

**Batches for Practical Exams are as follows:**

USN	Batch	No. of Students
HSC20MB0001 to HSC20MB0029	A	29
HSC20MB0030 to HSC20MB0058	B	29
HSC20MB0059 to HSC20MB0087	C	29
HSC20MB0088 to HSC20MB0117	D	29
HSC20MB0118 to HSC20MB0147	E	29

  
**Dr. A.C. Ashok** MBBS, MS, DNB  
Principal & Dean  
CDSIMER, DSU  
Harohalli Hobli, Kanakapura  
Ramanagara Dist., Karnataka-562112

## **Phase III (Part I) Second Internal Assessment Portions**

### **➤ Department of Forensic Medicine**

- Mechanical injuries
- Thermal and electrical injuries
- Regional injuries
- Forensic ballistics.
- Asphyxia deaths
- Sexual Jurisprudence

### **➤ Department of ENT**

- Diseases of nose and paranasal sinuses-
- Allergic Rhinitis
- Vasomotor and other forms of non-allergic Rhinitis
- Nasal polypi
- Epistaxis
- Trauma to face
- Miscellaneous disorders of nasal cavity
- Anatomy & physiology of paranasal sinuses
- Acute and chronic rhinosinusitis
- Complications of sinusitis
- Neoplasms of paranasal sinuses
- Proptosis
- Diseases of oral cavity and salivary glands
- Diseases of pharynx
- Diseases of larynx and trachea

### **➤ Department of Ophthalmology**

- Glaucoma
- Retina
- Uvea
- Orbit
- Neurophthalmology & Squint

### **➤ Department of General Medicine**

- HIV
- Envenomation
- Poisoning
- Viral Hepatitis
- PUO

- Zoonotic Diseases
- Enteric fever, Dengue, Malaria
- Hypocalcemia/ Hypercalcemia/ Hyponatremia / Hypernatremia / Hypokalemia /Hyperkalemia
- ABG, Metabolic, acidosis / Alkalosis, Respiratory acidosis / Alkalosis
- Cough / Breathlessness /Hemoptysis/community Acquired Pneumonia, Nosocomial Pneumonia
- Sepsis and Septic shock
- CML / AML / CLL / ALL
- Anemia
- Diabetes
- Hypothyroidism / Hyperthyroidism/ Physiology of hypothalamus - Pituitary Axis /Thyroid Gland Function
- Cushing's syndrome, Acromegaly, Addison's disease
- Common Malignancies In INDIA
- Cancer
- End Of Life Care

### ➤ **Department of General Surgery**

- EARLY DETECTION OF CANCER, MULTI-DISCIPLINARY APPROACH IN MANAGEMENT OF CANCER
- SURGICAL INVESTIGATIONS
- COUNSELLING OF PATIENTS
- INFORMED CONSENT
- PERI-OPERATIVE ASSESSMENT
- DAY CARE SURGERY
- NUTRITION IN SURGERY
- SURGICAL PRINCIPLES OF ORGAN TRANSPLANTATION
- SURGICAL APPROACHES AND INCISIONS IN SURGERY
- WOUND CLOSURE AND ANASTOMOSIS
- ETHICS AND MEDICOLEGAL ASPECTS IN SURGERY
- MANAGEMENT OF MASS CASUALTIES
- HEAD INJURIES
- CHEST INJURIES
- ABDOMINAL INJURIES
- SKIN TUMOURS
- CLEFT LIP AND CLEFT PALATE
- ORAL CANCER
- OROPHARYNGEAL CANCER
- DISORDERS OF SALIVARY GLANDS
- THYROID
- PARATHYROID
- BREAST
- ADRENAL GLANDS AND ITS DISORDERS
- PANCREAS

## ➤ Department of Orthopaedics

- BASICS IN ORTHOPEDICS, TRIAGE & SHOCK- TYPES, ASSESSMENT & MANAGEMENT.
- FRACTURE: CLASSIFICATION & HEALING
- CLOSED FRACTURES- FOCUS ON SOFT TISSUE INJURY (TSCHERNE & MOREL LAVALLEE LESION)
- OPEN FRACTURES- 1- DEFINATION, CLASSIFICATION, and DIAGNOISIS.
- OPEN FRACTURES- 2- PRINCEPES OF MANAGEMENT WITH CASE EXAMPLES AND VEDIOS
- COMPLICATIONS OF FRACTURE- FAT EMBOILSIM, ARDS, COMPARTMENT SYNDROME
- GANGRENE, VTE & CRPS
- FRACTURES OF CLAVICAL
- FRACTURE PROXIMAL HUMERUS
- SHOULDER DISLOCATION: ACUTE AND RECURRENT
- FRACTURES OF HUMERAL SHAFT WITH NERVE INJURY
- DISTAL HUMERUS FRACTURE ADULT AND PEDIATRIC (FOCUS ON SUPRACONDYLAR FRACTURE)
- MONTEGGIA AND GALEAZZI FRACTURE
- DISTAL END RADIUS FRACTURE and ITSCOMPLICATIONS.
- FRACTURES OF WRIST - SCAPHOID (MAINLY)
- FRACTURES OF HAND (MAINLY NAMED)
- SPINAL FRACTURES- 1-CERVICLE, DORSO -LUMBAR SPINE, BASICS WITH PRINCIPALS & MANAGEMENT
- PELVIC AND ACETABULUM FRACTURES
- FRACTURE NECK OF FEMUR
- IT FRACTURES
- HIP DISLOCATION
- SHAFT FEMUR ADULTS AND PEDIATRICS
- FRACTURE DISTAL FEMUR & PATELLA FRACTURES
- KNEE DISLOACTION WITH LIGAMENT INJURIES
- PROXIMAL TIBIA WITH COMPARTMENT SYNDROME
- SHAFT TIBIA FRACTURS
- FRACTURES OF ANKLE

## ➤ Department of OBG

- Enumerate and discuss the diameters of maternal pelvis and types And Foetal Skull.
- Enumerate and discuss the physiology of normal labor.
- Mechanism of labor in occipito-anterior presentation
- Principles of induction and augmentation of labor
- Discuss monitoring of labor including partogram, conduct of labor, pain relief & management of third stage of labor
- Describe and discuss the assessment of maturity of the newborn, diagnosis of birth asphyxia, principles of resuscitation.

- Describe and discuss the physiology of lactation, care of the breast, importance and technique of breast feeding
- Assessment of maturity of the newborn, diagnosis of birth asphyxia, principles of resuscitation.
- Describe and discuss the physiology of puerperium, its complications, diagnosis and management.
- Define and describe abnormal Lie and Presentations. Clinical features; diagnosis and management of Transverse lie.
- Define, describe the causes, pathophysiology, diagnosis, investigations and management of Breech Presentation
- Recent guidelines and newer modalities in intrapartum fetal monitoring and labour analgesia.
- pathophysiology and management of Dystocia including precipitate labour, cervical dystocia, incoordinate uterine action
- obstructed labor, its clinical features; prevention; and management.
- Rupture uterus, causes, diagnosis and Management
- Causes, diagnosis, management, appropriate use of blood and blood products in postpartum haemorrhage.
- Pathophysiology, diagnosis, investigations and management of preterm labor.
- Define, describe the causes, pathophysiology, diagnosis, investigations and management of PROM and postdated pregnancy
- Define, classify and describe the etiology, pathophysiology, diagnosis, investigation of anemia in pregnancy
- Describe the adverse effects on the mother and foetus and the management during pregnancy and labor, and complications of anemia in pregnancy
- Recent guidelines and newer iron preparation in treatment of anemia in pregnancy
- Define, describe the causes, pathophysiology, diagnosis, investigations of Multiple Gestation.
- Complications and management of Twin Gestation.
- Define, classify and describe the etiology and pathophysiology, early detection, investigations of hypertensive disorders of pregnancy
- Describe the principles of management of HDP. Eclampsia and other complications of PIH and management
- Define, classify and describe the etiology, pathophysiology, diagnosis, investigations, criteria of diabetes in pregnancy
- Describe the adverse effects on the mother and foetus and the management during pregnancy and labor, and complications of diabetes in pregnancy
- Define, classify and describe the etiology, pathophysiology, diagnosis, investigations, criteria, adverse effects on the mother and foetus and the management during pregnancy and labor and complications of heart disease in pregnancy
- Describe the mechanism, prophylaxis diagnosis isoimmunization in pregnancy
- Complications, diagnosis and management of Isoimmunization in pregnancy
- Enumerate and describe the indications and steps of common obstetric procedures, technique and complications: Episiotomy, vacuum extraction; low forceps.

- Define, classify and describe the aetiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, ultrasonography, differential diagnosis and management APH in pregnancy---PLACENTA PREVIA
- Define, classify and describe the aetiology, pathogenesis, clinical features, ultrasonography, differential diagnosis and management of APH ---ABRUPTION